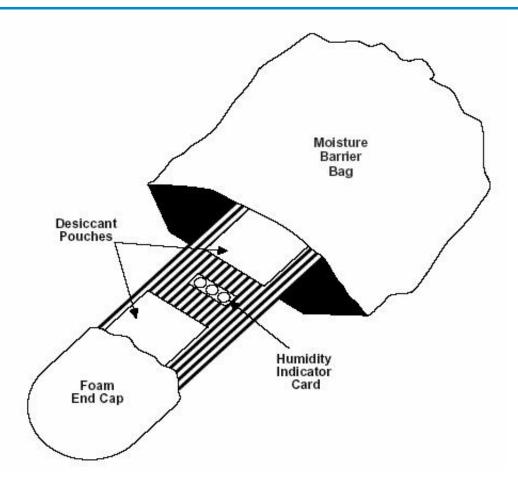
# 2.Dry Packs



# 2.Dry Packs

### Quality of bags:

- MIL-B 81705-REV-C (Puncture resistance, gas transmission, ESD, etc....)
- 4 layers, 150 mu
- Water vapor transmission rate: 0,0006 g/100 inch²/day
- ESD safe

Product name: Moisture Barrier Bag ESD-A4-6.0 mil

#### SPECIFICATION

Physical Properties		<imperial></imperial>
Structure	Unit	ESD- PET//AL//ONY//PE-ESD
Thickness	Mil(micron)	6.0 MIL(155µ)+/-10%
Tensile Strength (ASTM D882-91 Method A)	psi	MD:10500 TD:9200
Tear Strength (ASTM D1004-66 Method A)	lhs	MD:37.02 TD:39.87
Flongation (ASTM D882-91 Method A)	%	MD:125 TD:109
Light Transmission (ASTM D-1003-92)	%	<0.001
Heat Scal Strength (FTMS D 1876-93)	lbs./in.width	>157.84
Burst Strength (FTM 191-C Method 5122)	psi	>145.04
Puncture Strength (FTMS 101-C Method 2065-1)	lbs	>197.66
MVTR (ASTM F-1249@100F, 100sq.in/24hrs.)	gms	<0.0006
Electrical Properties		
EMI Shielding (Mil-B 81705-REV-C)	DR	30
Capacitive Probe Test(High Voltage Discharge) (EIA-Std541/Appendix E-1KV)	Volts	<15
Surface Resistivity(ASTM.) D257@15%R.H. Interior Exterior Metal	ohms/sq.in	<10 <sup>8-11</sup> <10 <sup>8-11</sup> 10 <sup>8-4</sup>
Static Decay (FTM 101C Method 4046-1, 5000V to 0 Volts)	sec.	<0.01

# 2.Dry Packs

### Standard sizes

- 100 x 660 mm
- 250 x 500 mm
- 420 x 440 mm
- 420 x 540 mm





# 3.Desiccant

#### What is Desiccant?

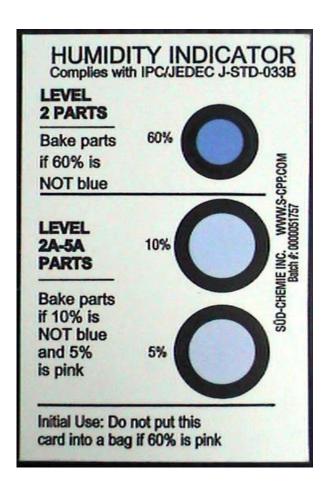
- Desiccant is a drying agent that is used to absorb moisture from the air inside moisture barrier bags. Desiccant absorbs moisture vapor (humidity) from the air left inside the barrier bag after it has been sealed. Any moisture that penetrates the bag will also be absorbed. Desiccant remains dry to the touch even when it is fully saturated with moisture vapor.
  - Dust-free
  - Non corrosive
  - Special ESD coating < 1012 Ohms (dissipative)</li>
  - Packaging : 1 unit = 100p & ½ unit = 250p
  - Storage in a dry atmosphere
  - Can be reactivated at 120°C during 16 hours



## 4.HIC

### What is an HIC?

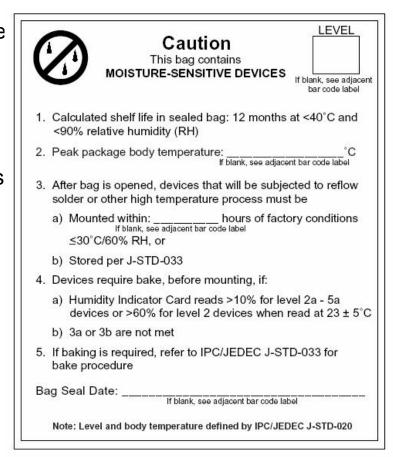
- An HIC (Humidity Indicator Card) indicates the relative humidity with moisture-sensitive, color changing chemical spots. HICs provide assurance to the user of the bag that the devices are dry when received
- Range: 5% RH, 10% RH and 60% RH
- Packaging: 125p per pint can
- Storage: keep in a dry area away from sunlight under normal temperature (10 to 40°C)



## 5. MSL label

#### Moisture Sensitive Identification

- Labels relevant to the dry pack process are the "Moisture-Sensitive Identification" (MSID) label and the Caution label as specified in JEDEC JEP113 shall be affixed to the lowestlevel shipping container that contains the MBB. The Caution label shall be affixed to the outside surface of the MBB. The Caution label includes fields for the Peak package body temperature allowed during reflow soldering (the classification temperature per JSTD-020), the floor life, and the bag seal date.
- This label is already printed on all our bags as standard



## 6.MVTR

Moisture Vapor Transmission Rate is the rate that water vapor passes through a specific area of barrier material. As MVTR is reduced, dry storage time is increased and desiccant loading is reduced. MVTR is measured in grams of water per 100 square inches of barrier per 24 hours (grs / 100in² / 24 hours)

- Norms
  - IPC/Jedec J STD 033 (electronic application)
  - EIA 583 for storage with a known humidity level
  - MIL P116 General application
- Calculation of desiccant needed

## How much desiccant do I need?

### IPC/JEDEC J-STD-033

- Application: Dry packaging for SMDs.
- What you need to know: Bag size, Bag MVTR, Storage time in months desiccant capacity at 10%RH & 25°C.
- Formula: Units = (0.304 x Months x Bag MVTR x Bag Area) / Moisture Capacity
- **Example:** 10" x 20" inch Barrier Bag, with a 0.0006 MVTR and a12 month storage time. Find Bag Area: 10 x 20" x 2 sides = 400 inches<sup>2</sup>.
- **Apply Formula:** Units =  $(0.304 \times 400 \text{ irf} \times 0.0006 \text{ MVTR} \times 12 \text{ months}) / 2,9 g/unit$
- Units = 0.3 : use 1/2 unit of Desiccant.

When the desiccant capacity at 10% RH and 25°C is not known the quantity needed can be estimated using the following simplified equal 100-3 A

- U = Amount of desiccant in UNITS
- A = Total exposed surface area of the MBB in square inches

### How much desiccant do I need?

#### **EIA** 583

- Application: Dry packaging for SMD's. Allows adjustment of environmental conditions.
- What you need to know: Bag Area, Bag MVTR, Months of Storage, Maximum Interior Humidity (MIH).
- Formula: Units = 0.231 x Bag Area x Bag MVTR x Months / Moisture Capacity
- Example: 10" x 20" inch Barrier Bag, with a 0.02 MVTR, a 12 month storage time, f MIH of 20%.
- Find bag area: 10" x 20" x 2 sides =400 in<sup>2</sup>
- Select Moisture Capacity based on MIH: 10% MIH: 3.0 g/unit 20% MIH 4.8 g/unit 30% MIH 5.8 g/unit 40% MIH 6.2 g/unit
- Apply Formula: Units= (0.231 x 400 in2 x 0.02 MVTR x 12 months) / 4.8 g/unit
- Units = 4.62 units: Use more than 4,5 units of desiccant. .EIA 583

## How much desiccant do I need?

### MIL-P-116

- Application: General dry packaging.
- What you need to know: Bag Size
- Formula: Units = 0.011 x Bag Area in square inches.
- Example: 10" x 20" inch Barrier Bag
- Find bag area: 10" x 20" x 2 sides =400 in<sup>2</sup>.
- **Apply Formula:** Units =  $0.011 \times 400 \text{ in}^2 = 4.4$
- Use 4,5 Units of desiccant.

# 7. Advantages

List of items to consider when selecting a barrier bag: MVTR, Term of usage, Cost, ESD properties, Supplier reliability, etc...

- Very good MVTR (0,0006 g/100 sq inch /day)
- The lower the MVTR the longer we can store the product and less desiccant we have to use
- Very good mechanical resistance (155 μ)
- Very good purchasing price
- ESD safe
- Stock available in our distributor warehouse
- Compatible with our vacuum packaging machine (SDV)
- MSL label (JEP113) printed on the bag
- Very good quality